## Sign languages in Europe

More than 750,000 deaf signers 30 sign languages

Linguistic research since the 1970s

No reference grammar yet for any sign language

Bilingual education (signed language + spoken language) is the official policy since 1990 in many countries

Legal recognition is rarely well arranged by national governments: recognition in the constitution is meaningless if there is no connecting detailed legislation about interpreting facilities, education, et cetera



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## Basic facts about signed languages

Sign languages are the natural first languages of deaf communities

There is no single universal sign language: 126 different ones discovered so far (Ethnologue)

Sign languages are not manualvisual versions of spoken languages, they have their own grammar and lexicon
Lexical signs are not
transparent: neither form nor
meaning is predictable
Sign languages are young
languages (max. a few
hundred years), and do not
have a shared ancestor
No commonly used writing
system, no written tradition

